



**Constrained Capital ESG Orphans ETF**  
**(the “Passive ETF”)**  
**Ticker Symbol: ORFN**

**Constrained Capital ESG Orphans Daily Inverse ETF**  
**(the “Inverse ETF”)**  
**Ticker Symbol: SRFN**

**(each, a “Fund,” and together, the “Funds”)**

*Each listed on NYSE Arca, Inc.*

**September 15, 2022**

**Supplement to the  
Summary Prospectus for the Passive ETF, dated May 16, 2022, and to the Prospectus and  
Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) for the Funds,  
each dated May 13, 2022**

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The following is hereby added to the Passive ETF’s summary prospectus and the Funds’ statutory prospectus and SAI:

The ESG Orphans Index and the proprietary data related thereto (the “Index”) are the property of Constrained Capital, LLC (“CCL”), the sponsor of the Funds, and are used under license by Toroso Investments, LLC, the Funds’ investment adviser.

Neither CCL nor any of its affiliates makes any representation, warranty or assurance, express or implied regarding the Index, the advisability of investing in securities generally or in either the Passive ETF or the Inverse ETF particularly or the ability of the Index to track general market performance or provide positive investment returns.

Neither CCL nor any of its affiliates have any obligation to point out errors in the Index. Neither the use nor publication of the Index (or any part of it) constitutes a recommendation by CCL or its affiliates to invest in securities generally or in a Fund nor does it in any way represent an assurance or opinion of CCL or its affiliates with regard to any such investment.

Neither CCL nor its affiliates are under any obligation or liability in connection with either the Passive ETF or the Inverse ETF. Inclusion of a security within the Index is not a recommendation by CCL or its affiliates to buy, sell, or hold such security, nor is it considered to be investment advice. The value of investments may go down as well as up and potential investors may not get back the amount originally invested

Neither CCL nor its affiliates are in a position to give advice on the suitability of any investments for potential investors. Prospective investors are advised to make an investment in any investment vehicle only after carefully considering the risks associated with investing in such vehicle.

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**Please retain this Supplement for future reference.**



**Constrained Capital ESG Orphans ETF**  
**Trading Symbol: ORFN**  
**Listed on NYSE Arca, Inc.**

**Summary Prospectus**  
**May 16, 2022**

**www.constrainedcapitalefts.com**

Before you invest, you may want to review the Constrained Capital ESG Orphans ETF (the “Fund”) statutory prospectus and statement of additional information, which contain more information about the Fund and its risks. The current statutory prospectus and statement of additional information dated May 13, 2022, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Fund’s statutory prospectus, statement of additional information, reports to shareholders, and other information about the Fund online at [www.constrainedcapitalefts.com](http://www.constrainedcapitalefts.com). You can also get this information at no cost by calling 800-867-5309 or by sending an e-mail request to [info@constrainedcapitalefts.com](mailto:info@constrainedcapitalefts.com).

### Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, track the ESG Orphans Index (the “Index”).

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund (“Shares”). You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below.

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**Annual Fund Operating Expenses** (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fee	0.75%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	0.00%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b>	<u>0.75%</u>

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<sup>(1)</sup> Based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

### Expense Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. The Example does not take into account brokerage commissions that you may pay on your purchases and sales of Shares. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>
\$77	\$240

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### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in total annual fund operating expenses or in the expense example above, affect the Fund’s performance. Because the Fund is newly organized, portfolio turnover information is not yet available.

## Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund uses a “passive management” (or indexing) to track the performance, before fees and expenses, of the Index. The Fund, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its assets in the securities that comprise the Index. The Fund expects to hold each stock in approximately the same proportion as its weighting in the Index. The Index is owned by Constrained Capital LLC, the sponsor of the Fund (“Constrained Capital” or “Sponsor”). The Index is calculated, administered, and published by Solactive AG (“Solactive”), which is the Index’s administrator (the “Index Administrator”). The Index Administrator independently prices the Index on a continuous basis during equity market hours.

The Index includes free-float market capitalization weighted companies and is comprised of U.S.-listed stocks and American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”) of companies whose primary business is in a sector or sub-sector (each, an “Orphaned Sector”) that is commonly “orphaned”, discarded, or excluded by Environmental, Social, and Governance (“ESG”)-centric mutual funds and exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). The universe of potential Index constituents begins with the securities included in the Solactive GBS Global Markets Investable Universe USD Index that are listed on the New York Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“NASDAQ”), or that have an ADR that trades on the New York Stock Exchange or NASDAQ. Eligible Index constituents are then sorted by market capitalization from largest to smallest. The list of potential Index constituents is narrowed to include only those U.S.-listed equity securities that are classified in an Orphaned Sector under the FactSet Standard Industry Classification System.

The Index methodology currently considers the following as Orphaned Sectors: fossil fuel energy, nuclear power, tobacco, weapons/firearms, alcohol and gambling. Each Orphaned Sector and the corresponding FactSet Industries are set forth in the table below:

<b>Orphaned Sector</b>	<b>FactSet Industry</b>
<b>Fossil Fuel Energy</b>	Integrated Oil, Oil & Gas Production, Oil Refining/Marketing, Coal
<b>Nuclear Power</b>	Electric Utilities
<b>Tobacco</b>	Tobacco
<b>Weapons / Firearms</b>	Aerospace & Defense*
<b>Alcohol</b>	Beverages: Alcoholic
<b>Gambling</b>	Casinos/Gaming

\* A company that is classified as part of the Aerospace & Defense industry by FactSet is eligible for inclusion in the Index only if the company description also includes one of the following key words: weapon(s), military, missile(s), firearm(s), or national security.

The list of potential Index constituents is further narrowed to include only the 12 largest companies by market capitalization for each Orphaned Sector. From that list, the 50 largest companies by market capitalization are selected for inclusion in the Index provided that the maximum exposure to any one Orphaned Sector in the Index is capped at 25% of the total Index. As of May 10, 2022, the Index consists of 50 companies. Individual companies within the Index will constitute no more than 10% of the total Index. The Index methodology will also limit individual company positions so that, in the aggregate, the individual companies that would constitute more than 5% of the Index constitute no more than 50% of the total Index at each rebalance (e.g., changes may be made to both the Index constituents and their weights based on the Index methodology) and reweighting (e.g., Index constituents are unchanged but their weights may change). The Index is rebalanced annually in May and reweighted each November. Additional information about the Index’s construction is shown below under the heading “Additional Information about the Index.”

The Fund uses a “passive” or indexing approach to attempt to achieve its investment objective. The Fund does not try to outperform the Index and does not generally take temporary defensive positions. Although the Fund intends to fully replicate the Index, at times the Fund may hold a representative sample of the securities in the Index that have aggregate characteristics similar to those of the Index. This means the Fund may not hold all of the securities included in the Index, its weighting of investment exposure to such stocks or industries may be different from that of the Index and it may hold securities that are not included in the Index. The Fund will rebalance its portfolio when the Index rebalances. Additionally, if the Fund receives a creation or redemption unit in cash, the Fund repositions its portfolio in response to assets flowing into or out of the Fund.

To the extent the Index concentrates (i.e., holds more than 25% of its total assets) in the securities of a particular industry or group of related industries, the Fund will concentrate its investments to approximately the same extent as the Index.

The Fund is deemed to be non-diversified under the 1940 Act, which means that it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it was a diversified fund.

### **Principal Investment Risks**

The principal risks of investing in the Fund are summarized below. As with any investment, there is a risk that you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect the Fund’s net asset value per share (“NAV”), trading price, yield, total return, and/or ability to meet its objective. For more information about the risks of investing in the Fund, see the section in the Fund’s Prospectus titled “Additional Information About the Funds—Principal Risks of Investing in Each Fund.”

An investment in the Fund entails risk. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective and there is a risk that you could lose all of your money invested in the Fund. The Fund is not a complete investment program. It is important that investors closely review all of the risks listed below and understand them before making an investment in the Fund.

Each risk summarized below is considered a “principal risk” of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears.

**Equity Market Risk.** Common stocks are generally exposed to greater risk than other types of securities, such as preferred stock and debt obligations, because common stockholders generally have inferior rights to receive payment from specific issuers. The equity securities held in the Fund’s portfolio may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific issuers, industries, or sectors in which the Fund invests.

**General Market and Geopolitical Risk.** The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund’s portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. It is difficult to predict when similar events affecting the U.S. or global financial markets may occur, the effects that such events may have and the duration of those effects.

### **Orphaned Sectors Companies Risks:**

- *Alcohol Companies Risk.* Alcohol companies are very competitive and subject to a number of risks. Demographic and product trends, changing consumer preferences, nutritional and health-related concerns, competitive pricing, marketing campaigns, environmental factors, adverse changes in general economic conditions, government regulation, consumer boycotts, risks of product tampering, product liability claims, and the availability and expense of liability insurance can affect the demand for, and success of, such companies’ products in the marketplace.
- *Gambling Companies Risk.* Companies in the betting and gaming industry include those engaged in casino operations, racetrack operations, sports and horse race betting operations, online gaming operations and/or the provision of related equipment and technologies. The betting and gaming industry is characterized by an increasingly high degree of competition among a large number of participants including from participants performing illegal activities or unregulated companies. Expansion of betting in other jurisdictions (both regulated and unregulated) could increase

competition with existing betting and gaming companies, which could have an adverse impact on their financial condition, operations and cash flows. These companies also may be subject to increasing regulatory constraints, particularly with respect to cybersecurity and privacy. Companies operating in the betting and gaming industry are subject to the risk of significant litigation regarding intellectual property rights, which may adversely affect and financially harm companies in which the Fund may invest.

- *Tobacco Companies Risk.* Tobacco companies are very competitive and subject to a number of risks. Demographic and product trends, changing consumer preferences, nutritional and health-related concerns, competitive pricing, marketing campaigns, environmental factors, adverse changes in general economic conditions, government regulation, consumer boycotts, risks of product tampering, product liability claims, and the availability and expense of liability insurance can affect the demand for, and success of, such companies' products in the marketplace. Tobacco companies in particular may be adversely affected by the adoption of proposed legislation and/or by litigation.
- *Fossil Fuel Companies Risk.* The profitability of fossil fuel companies is related to worldwide energy prices, including all sources of energy, and exploration and production costs. The price of fossil fuels, the earnings of fossil fuel companies, and the value of such companies' securities can be extremely volatile. A significant portion of their revenues may depend on a relatively small number of customers, including governmental entities and utilities. Short-term oil prices are largely driven by worldwide economic growth. In addition, if the transition to alternative energy sources accelerates in the near future fossil fuel companies may be adversely affected.
- *Nuclear Energy Companies Risk.* Nuclear energy companies may face considerable risk as a result of, among other risks, incidents and accidents, breaches of security, ill-intentioned acts of terrorism, air crashes, natural disasters (such as floods or earthquakes), equipment malfunctions or mishandling in storage, handling, transportation, treatment or conditioning of substances and nuclear materials. Such events could have serious consequences, especially in case of radioactive contamination and irradiation of the environment, for the general population, as well as a material, negative impact on nuclear energy companies.
- *Weapons Companies Risk.* Weapons manufacturers rely to a large extent on U.S. (and other) Government demand for their products and services and may be significantly affected by changes in government regulations and spending, as well as economic conditions and industry consolidation. Weapons companies may be adversely affected by the adoption of proposed legislation and/or by litigation.

**Recent Market Events Risk.** U.S. and international markets have experienced significant periods of volatility in recent years and months due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors including the impact of COVID-19 as a global pandemic, which has resulted in a public health crisis, disruptions to business operations and supply chains, stress on the global healthcare system, growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas, staffing shortages and the inability to meet consumer demand, and widespread concern and uncertainty. The global recovery from COVID-19 is proceeding at slower than expected rates due to the emergence of variant strains and may last for an extended period of time. Continuing uncertainties regarding interest rates, rising inflation, political events, rising government debt in the U.S. and trade tensions also contribute to market volatility. As a result of continuing political tensions and armed conflicts, including the war between Ukraine and Russia, the U.S. and the European Union imposed sanctions on certain Russian individuals and companies, including certain financial institutions, and have limited certain exports and imports to and from Russia. The war has contributed to recent market volatility and may continue to do so.

**New Fund Risk.** The Fund is a recently organized management investment company with no operating history. As a result, prospective investors do not have a track record or history on which to base their investment decisions.

**Concentration Risk.** The Fund's investments will be concentrated in an industry or group of industries to the extent the Index is so concentrated. In such event, the value of Shares may rise and fall more than the value of shares that invest in securities of companies in a broader range of industries.

**Cybersecurity Risk.** With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers may cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs.

## ETF Risks.

- *Authorized Participants, Market Makers, and Liquidity Providers Concentration Risk.* The Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that are authorized to purchase and redeem Shares directly from the Fund (known as “Authorized Participants” or “APs”). In addition, there may be a limited number of market makers and/or liquidity providers in the marketplace. To the extent either of the following events occur, Shares may trade at a material discount to NAV and possibly face delisting: (i) APs exit the business or otherwise become unable to process creation and/or redemption orders and no other APs step forward to perform these services; or (ii) market makers and/or liquidity providers exit the business or significantly reduce their business activities and no other entities step forward to perform their functions.
- *Costs of Buying or Selling Shares.* Investors buying or selling Shares in the secondary market will pay brokerage commissions or other charges imposed by brokers, as determined by that broker. Brokerage commissions are often a fixed amount and may be a significant proportional cost for investors seeking to buy or sell relatively small amounts of Shares.
- *Shares May Trade at Prices Other Than NAV.* As with all ETFs, Shares may be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Although it is expected that the market price of the Shares will approximate the Fund’s NAV, there may be times when the market price of Shares is more than the NAV intra-day (premium) or less than the NAV intra-day (discount) due to supply and demand of the Shares or during periods of market volatility. This risk is heightened in times of market volatility or periods of steep market declines.
- *Trading.* Although Shares are listed for trading on the NYSE Arca, Inc. (the “Exchange”) and may be listed or traded on U.S. and non-U.S. stock exchanges other than the Exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such Shares will develop or be maintained. In stressed market conditions, the liquidity of Shares may begin to mirror the liquidity of the Fund’s underlying portfolio holdings, which can be significantly less liquid than Shares. Also, in stressed market conditions, the market for Shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the Fund’s underlying portfolio holdings. These adverse effects on liquidity for Shares, in turn, could lead to wider bid/ask spreads and differences between the market price of Shares and the underlying value of those Shares.

**Index Risk.** The Index may not reflect all companies meeting the Index’s eligibility criteria if certain characteristics of a company are not known at the time the Index is composed or reconstituted. Additionally, the Index is new, so investors do not have the benefit of a long track record to assess the potential risks associated with the Index over various market periods.

## Market Capitalization Risk.

- *Large-Capitalization Investing.* The securities of large-capitalization companies may be relatively mature compared to smaller companies and therefore subject to slower growth during times of economic expansion. Large-capitalization companies may also be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges, such as changes in technology and consumer tastes.
- *Mid-Capitalization Investing.* The securities of mid-capitalization companies may be more vulnerable to adverse issuer, market, political, or economic developments than securities of large-capitalization companies. The securities of mid-capitalization companies generally trade in lower volumes and are subject to greater and more unpredictable price changes than large-capitalization stocks or the stock market as a whole.

**Depository Receipt Risk.** Depository receipts involve risks similar to those associated with investments in foreign securities, such as changes in political or economic conditions of other countries and changes in the exchange rates of foreign currencies. Depository receipts listed on U.S. exchanges are issued by banks or trust companies, and entitle the holder to all dividends and capital gains that are paid out on the underlying foreign shares (“Underlying Shares”). When the Fund invests in depository receipts as a substitute for an investment directly in the Underlying Shares, the Fund is exposed to the risk that the depository receipts may not provide a return that corresponds precisely with that of the Underlying Shares.

**Non-Diversification Risk.** Because the Fund is “non-diversified,” it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it was a diversified fund. As a result, a decline in the value of an

investment in a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers could cause the Fund's overall value to decline to a greater degree than if the Fund held a more diversified portfolio.

**Third Party Data Risk.** The composition of the Index, and consequently the Fund's portfolio, is heavily dependent on information and data calculated and published by an independent third party calculation agent ("Third Party Data"). When Third Party Data proves to be incorrect or incomplete, any decisions made in reliance thereon may lead to the inclusion or exclusion of securities from the Index that would have been excluded or included had the Third Party Data been correct and complete. If the composition of the Index reflects such errors, the Fund's portfolio can also be expected to reflect the errors.

**Tracking Error Risk.** As with all index funds, the performance of the Fund and the Index may differ from each other for a variety of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses and portfolio transaction costs not incurred by the Index. In addition, the Fund may not be fully invested in the securities of the Index at all times or may hold securities not included in the Index.

**Underlying Index Risk.** Neither the Fund's investment adviser nor the Index Provider is able to guarantee the continuous availability or timeliness of the production of the Index. The calculation and dissemination of the Index values may be delayed if the information technology or other facilities of the Index Provider, calculation agent, data providers and/or relevant stock exchange malfunction for any reason. A significant delay may cause trading in shares of the Fund to be suspended. Errors in Index data, computation and/or the construction in accordance with its methodology may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected by the Index Provider, calculation agent or other applicable party for a period of time or at all, which may have an adverse impact on the Fund and its shareholders.

## **Performance**

Performance information for the Fund is not included because the Fund has not completed a full calendar year of operations as of the date of this Prospectus. When such information is included, this section will provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance history from year to year and showing how the Fund's average annual total returns compare with those of the Index and a broad measure of market performance. Although past performance of the Fund is no guarantee of how it will perform in the future, historical performance may give you some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. Updated performance information will be available on the Fund's website at [www.constrainedcapitaletfs.com](http://www.constrainedcapitaletfs.com).

## **Management**

*Investment Adviser:* Toroso Investments, LLC serves as investment adviser to the Fund.

### *Portfolio Managers*

The following individuals are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

Michael Venuto, Chief Investment Officer for Toroso, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since its inception in 2022.

Charles A. Ragauss, CFA, Portfolio Manager for Toroso, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since its inception in 2022.

## **Purchase and Sale of Shares**

The Fund issues and redeems Shares at NAV only in large blocks known as "Creation Units," which only Aps (typically, broker-dealers) may purchase or redeem. The Fund generally issues and redeems Creation Units in exchange for a portfolio of securities (the "Deposit Securities") and/or a designated amount of U.S. cash.

Shares are listed on a national securities exchange, such as the Exchange, and individual Shares may only be bought and sold in the secondary market through brokers at market prices, rather than NAV. Because Shares trade at market prices rather than NAV, Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase Shares (the "bid" price) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for Shares (the "ask" price) when buying or selling Shares in the secondary market. This difference in bid and ask prices is often referred to as the "bid-ask spread."

When available, information regarding the Fund's NAV, market price, how often Shares traded on the Exchange at a premium or discount, and bid-ask spreads can be found on the Fund's website at [www.constrainedcapitaletf.com](http://www.constrainedcapitaletf.com).

### **Tax Information**

Fund distributions are generally taxable as ordinary income, qualified dividend income, or capital gains (or a combination), unless an investment is in an individual retirement account ("IRA") or other tax-advantaged account. Distributions on investments made through tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

### **Financial Intermediary Compensation**

If you purchase Shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank) (an "Intermediary"), the Adviser or its affiliates may pay Intermediaries for certain activities related to the Fund, including participation in activities that are designed to make Intermediaries more knowledgeable about exchange-traded products, including the Fund, or for other activities, such as marketing, educational training, or other initiatives related to the sale or promotion of Shares. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Any such arrangements do not result in increased Fund expenses. Ask your salesperson or visit the Intermediary's website for more information.